

Knowledge gaps to inform policy

1. Prevention versus Treatment

- Physical health
- Mental health
- Social health

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2. Predictors of health benefits

- Parks and nature as a suitable setting vs specific management interventions in parks
- Target groups
 - youth
 - older
 - children
 - urban vs rural

Knowledge gaps to inform policy

3. Evaluation metrics

- Program effectiveness
- Quantifying attribution of parks and nature to specific health outcomes
- ‘Bundled’ benefits vs specific physical/mental/social health benefits